APPENDIX III

OCP for the ELECTORAL AREAS INDICATOR DASHBOARD

January, 2021



The following indicators provide a concrete, data driven representation of how the Official Community Plan for the Electoral Areas (OCP) goals, objectives and policies impact the region. This work began with research into CVRD documents and other sources for indicators that are already being tracked. This data was then refined to focus on indicators that were relevant to OCP goals, which are informed by its policies and objectives. The result is an indicator dashboard that includes 37 different indicators providing an objective look at the Cowichan Valley through 8 different policy areas. A summary of the indicators under their policy area headings is provided below in Table 1-1.

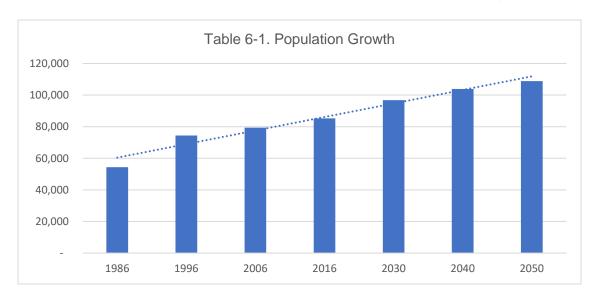
| Table 1-1. HOCP Indicators | |
|---|--|
| Managing growth sustainably | |
| Population growth | |
| Improve and expand the range of housing | |
| Housing growth | 3. CVRD house prices |
| 4. Sales to inventory ratio for housing | 5. Affordability |
| Manage infrastructure sustainably | |
| Mode of transportation to work by | 7. Percentage of population within 400m of |
| electoral area | a transit line |
| Percentage of population on CVRD | Average water consumption |
| utility services | |
| 10. Waste stream | 11. Asset management |
| Protect the environment | |
| 12. Area of CVRD impacted by | 13. Area of CVRD protected as park |
| development and logging | |
| 14. ESA areas in electoral areas | 15. Ha of park in electoral areas |
| 16. Indoor and outdoor recreation | 17. Trails km / type / location |
| facilities available | |
| 18. Sensitive ecosystem protection | 19. Water quality |
| 20. Aquifer vulnerability | |
| Strengthen food and agricultural systems for fo | ood security |
| 21. ALR exclusions and inclusions | 22. Average age of farmers |
| 23. Size of CVRD farms | 24. Income receipts for farms |
| 25. Land in food production | 26. Food insecurity |
| 27. Food processing | |
| Support heritage, arts and culture | |
| 28. Heritage assets registered by | 29. Types of assets registered |
| electoral area | |
| 30. Arts grants allocations by art type | |
| Realize the region's economic potential | |
| 31. Employment by industry and change | 32. Labour force education level |
| over time | |
| 33. Median and gross incomes | 34. Distribution of household income in |
| | electoral areas |
| 35. Industrially designated land available | |
| Mitigate and adapt to climate change | |
| 36. Corporate GHG emissions | 37. Community energy and emission |
| | inventories |
| 38. Utilities energy data | 39. Solid waste emissions |

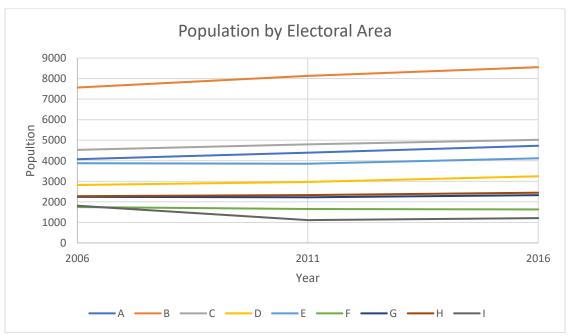
Objective: Managing growth sustainably

Indicator Rationale Data accessibility

1. Population growth

- This data forms the basis for the planning work required to absorb population growth.
- Population growth projections (<u>Long</u> range projections of population, housing and employment in the <u>Cowichan Valley</u> Regional District, 2019, p. 15)





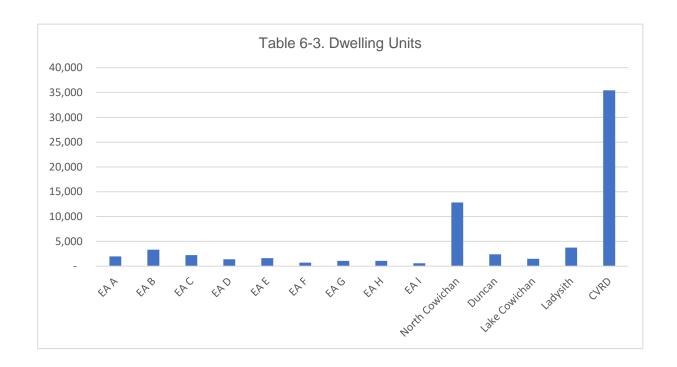
Objective: Improve and expand the range of housing

Indicator Rationale Data accessibility

- 2. Housing growth units by type and electoral area
- The housing units and types needed form the foundation of planning.

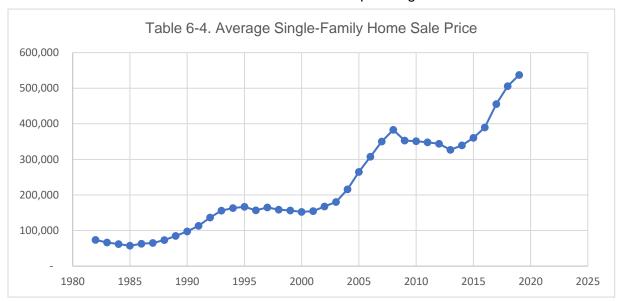


2017 population and housing units by electoral area (Long range projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019, p. 23)

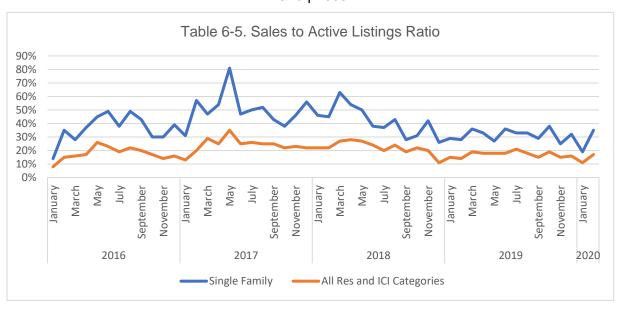


3. CVRD house prices

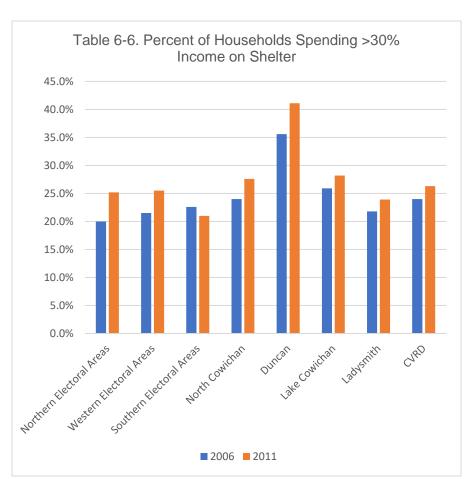
- Managing the cost of housing needs to be central to all planning.
- VIREB



- 4. Sales to inventory ratio for housing
- The ratio between supply (inventory) and demand (sales) determines the change in housing and land prices.
- VIREB



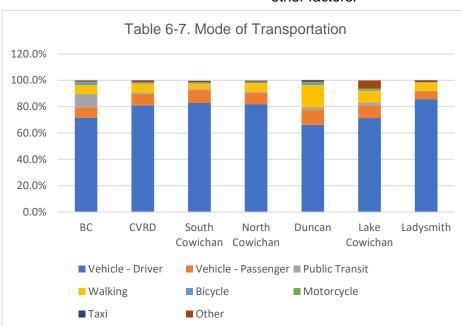
- 5. Affordability (based on CVRD incomes)
- Housing affordability is a key factor in community health. This indicator informs on the supply of developable land.



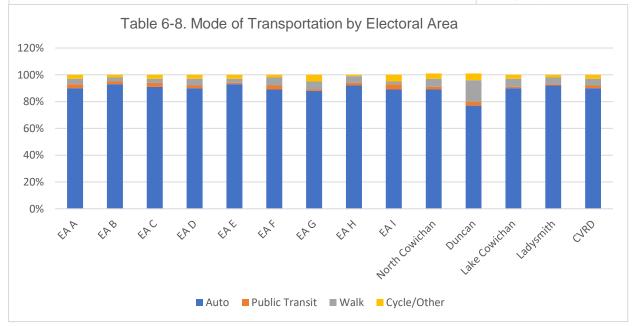
- VIREB
- Median household income (<u>Long range</u> <u>projections of</u> <u>population, housing</u> <u>and employment in</u> <u>the Cowichan</u> <u>Valley Regional</u> <u>District</u>, 2019, p. 35-37)
- Average single family home sale price (<u>Cowichan</u> <u>Attainable Housing</u> <u>Strategy</u>, 2019a, p. 14)
- Percent spending >30% of income on housing for renters and owners (<u>Cowichan</u> <u>Communities</u> <u>Health Profile</u>, 2014, p. 63)

Objective: Manage infrastructure sustainably

- 6. Mode of transportation to work by electoral area
- This indicator shows how people are moving around in the region, and thereby associated emissions and other factors.

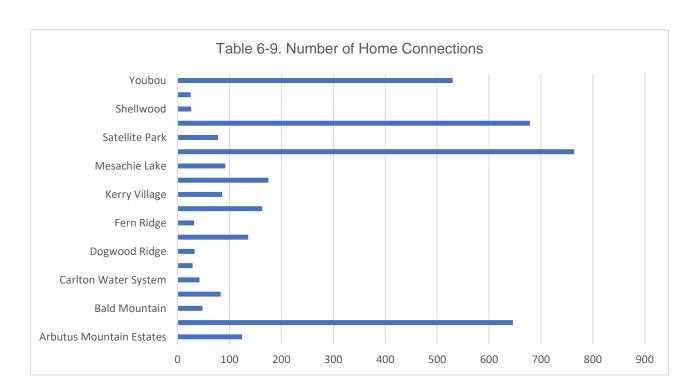


- Modal share by area and for CVRD total (Transit Future Plan: Cowichan Valley Region, 2012, p. 34-37) Typo on tables p. 35-37 CVRD not BC)
- Commuting modes of transport
 (Addendum to The Long-range projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019b, p. 3)

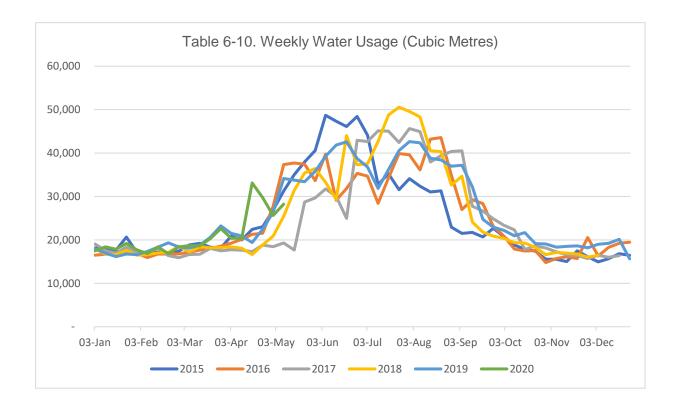


- 7. Percentage of population within 400m of a transit line
- This indicator shows potential for transit ridership.
- (2010 State of the Environment, 2010, p. 148)
- (<u>Transit Future</u>
 <u>Plan: Cowichan</u>
 <u>Valley Region</u>,
 2012, p. 49)

- **Current Status:** Approximately 50% of residents live within 400m of a transit line.
- 8. Percentage of population on CVRD utility services
- For any growth to be denser than 1 unit/ha, it must be serviced with community water and sewer systems. Some utilities are public and some are private. As such servicing is the key indicator for growth management.
- Wastewater
 Utilities Review
 and Assessment
 for the Cowichan
 Valley Regional
 District, 2017,
 p.22).
- (<u>Water Systems</u>, n.d.)

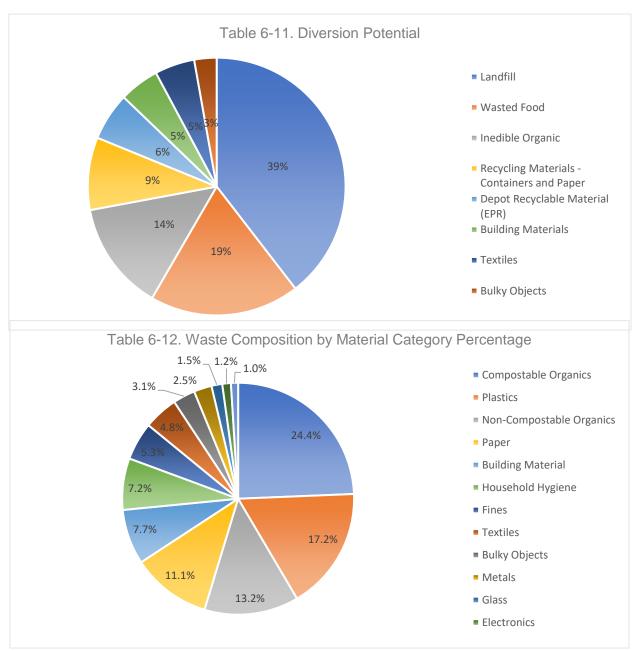


- 9. Average water consumption
- This indicator shows general water consumption behaviour over the year for multiple years.
- (Weekly Water Use, n.d.)



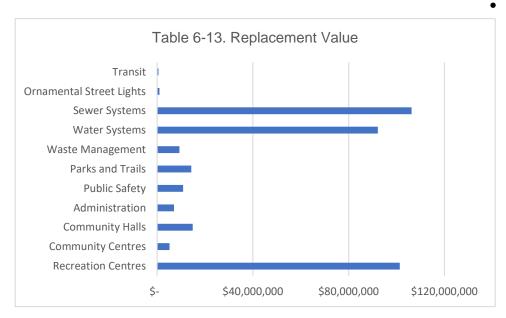
10. Waste stream

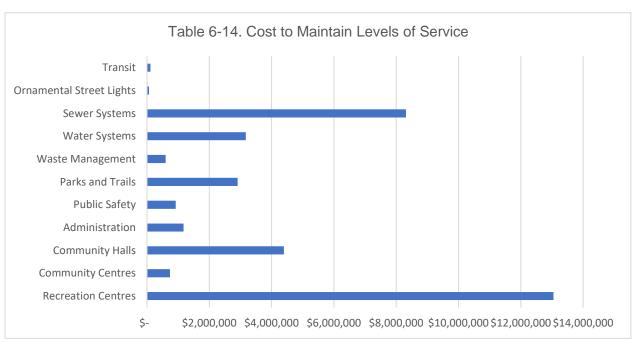
- This indicator measures the level of recycling and implicitly the loading on the landfill.
- Composition
 (Solid Waste
 Management
 Plan Update:
 Amendment 4,
 2018, p. 16-17)



11. Asset management

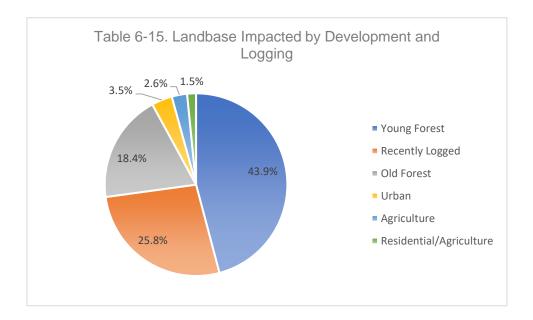
- This indicator describes the condition of CVRD owned assets and the issues in maintaining these assets over the next 10 years.
- Estimated cost to maintain existing infrastructure (Corporate Strategic Asset Management Plan: 2020, 2020, p. 52)
 - 10 year renewal plans for CVRD assets and condition of assets (Corporate Strategic Asset Management Plan: 2020: Appendix D, 2020, p. 7-19)



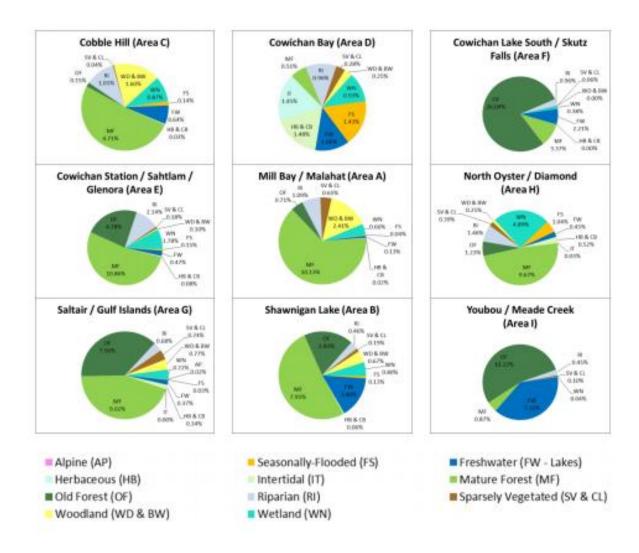


Objective: Protect the environment

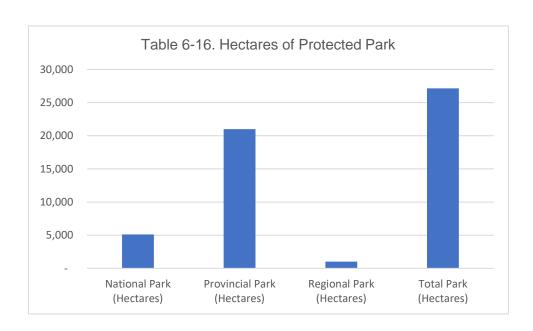
- 12. Area of CVRD impacted by development and logging
- This indicator shows changes of land use over time and erosion of natural areas.



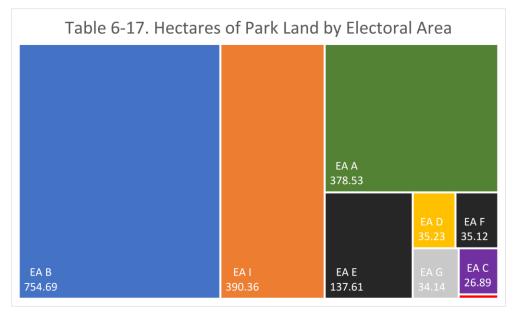
- 13. Environmentally sensitive areas
- This indicator shows area of different types of ESAs in each electoral area – so change can be tracked over time.
- https://www.cvrd.bc.ca/ <u>DocumentCenter/View/9</u>
 0505/Part-1_ESA-<u>Inventory-Report_May-2018</u>



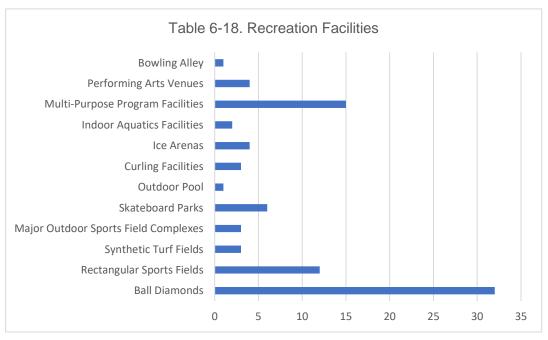
- 14. Area of CVRD protected as park
- This indicator shows area dedicated and managed as park and change over time.
- Area of protected park (2010 State of the Environment, 2010, p. 42)



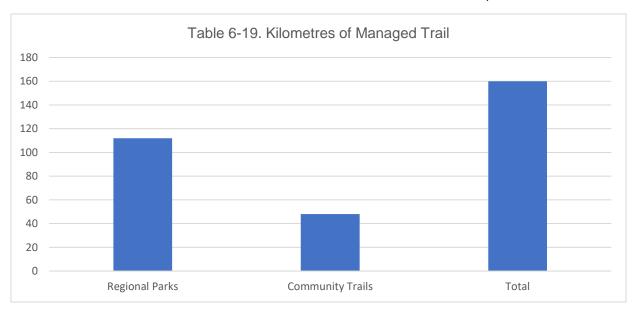
- 15. Ha of park in electoral areas
- Current status: 26,981 ha or 8.594% of plan area.
- This indicator shows the investment and access to parks across the region and informs future investment.
- HOCP Performance Measures Table (p. 49)



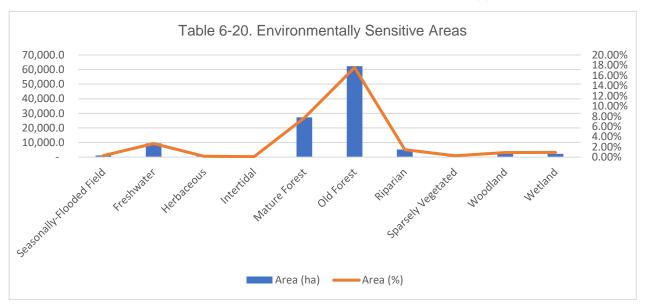
- 16. Indoor and outdoor recreation facilities available
- This indicator shows access to various facilities within different areas of the region and informs on future investments for growth areas.
- Regional recreational strategic plan 2019
- MOCP may require GIS analysis for ratios in new growth areas.



- 17. Trails km / type / location
- This indicator shows what trails exist now and which ones are being added over time.
- (Corporate Strategic Asset Management Plan: 2020, 2020, p. 12)



- 18. Sensitive ecosystem protection
- This indicator shows the percentage of the CVRD that has significant vegetation or forest on it, which indicates to a certain extent the amount of habitat available and the relative carbon sequestration performance.
- Area and % of CVRD by Environmentally Sensitive Area type (Environmentally Sensitive Areas Mapping in the Cowichan Region: Phase II, 2018, p. 9, Appendix D)



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- Lakes and rivers support human settlement, recreation and natural environments for plants and animals. As such, water quality is important to monitor and understand.
- Government of BC: Surface Water Monitoring Sites
- Government of BC:
 Groundwater Level
 Data

| Table 6-21. CVRD Groundwater Quality | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------|-------|--|
| Parameter | Location | Date | Result | Units | |
| | Lake Cowichan (aquifer | 2015-09- | | | |
| Phosphorus | 178) | 22 | 0.263 | mg/L | |
| Phosphorus | Ladysmith (aquifer 162) | 2016-11- 16 | 0.0248 | mg/L | |
| Trioophioras | Ladyonnan (addinor 102) | 2016-08- | 0.02 10 | mg/ L | |
| Phosphorus | Duncan (aquifer 186) | 16 | 0.0022 | mg/L | |
| | | 2013-10- | | | |
| Phosphorus | Cobble Hill (aquifer 197) | 31 | 0.0525 | mg/L | |
| | Lake Cowichan (aquifer | 2015-09- | | | |
| Nitrogen | 178) | 22 | 0.319 | mg/L | |
| | | 2016-11- | | | |
| Nitrogen | Ladysmith (aquifer 162) | 16 | 0.088 | mg/L | |
| | | 2016-08- | | | |
| Nitrogen | Duncan (aquifer 186) | 16 | 0.126 | mg/L | |
| | | 2013-10- | | | |
| Nitrogen | Cobble Hill (aquifer 197) | 31 | 0.093 | mg/L | |
| | Lake Cowichan (aquifer | 2015-09- | | | |
| Metals | 178) | 22 | 6.11544 | mg/L | |
| | | 2016-11- | | | |
| Metals | Ladysmith (aquifer 162) | 16 | 2.176075 | mg/L | |
| | | 2016-08- | | | |
| Metals | Duncan (aquifer 186) | 16 | 0.995665 | mg/L | |
| | | 2013-10- | | | |
| Metals | Cobble Hill (aquifer 197) | 31 | 7.429068 | mg/L | |

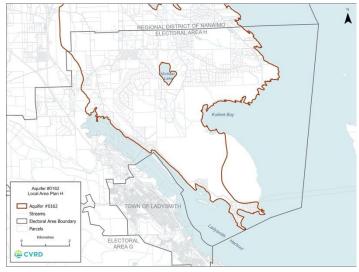


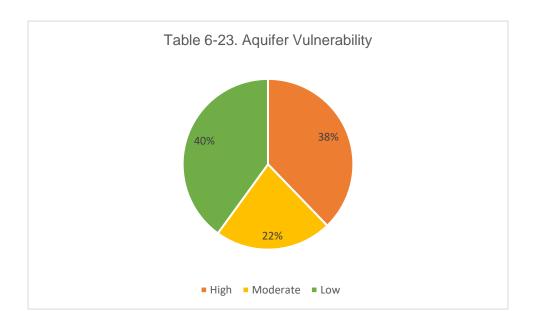
Figure 1: Location and extent of Aquifer 162

| Parameter | Table 6-22. CVRD Surface Water Quality | | | | | |
|--|--|--|----------|----------|--------|------------|
| Turbidity Cowichan Lake 10 1 0.42 NTU Turbidity Shawnigan Lake 12 1 0.65 NTU Turbidity Quamichan Lake 26 1 1.93 NTU Temperature Cowichan Lake 10 1 6.29 C Temperature Shawnigan Lake 12 1 5.91 C Temperature Ouamichan Lake 26 1 5.91 C Temperature Ouamichan Lake 26 1 6.37 C Temperature Ouamichan Lake 2003-08- Cowichan Lake 2003-08- COwichan Lake 2003-08- CFU/100m E Coli South End 13 0.5 1 C E Coli Quamichan Lake 29 1 <1 L CFU/100m E Coli Quamichan Lake 29 1 <1 L CFU/100m E Coli Stocking Lake 21 - CFU/100m E Coli Stocking Lake 21 - CFU/100m E Coli Stocking Lake 21 - CFU/100m E Coli Cowichan River 29 - 72 L CFU/100m E Coli Chemainus River 29 - 6 L E Coli Chemainus River 20 0.5 10 L Spiers Creek at 2017-08- CFU/100m E Coli Chemainus River 20 1.05 10 L Spiers Creek at 2017-08- CFU/100m E Coli Shawnigan Creek 29 - 10 L CFU/100m E Coli Shawnigan Creek 29 - 43 L Metals Shawnigan Creek 01 0.5 5.45 mg/L Metals Busy Place Creek 12 0.5 4.18 mg/L Nitrogen Cowichan Lake 10 0.051 mg/L | | | | | | |
| Turbidity | Parameter | Location | | (m) | Result | Units |
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| Turbidity | ruibidity | COWICHAIT LAKE | | ' | 0.42 | NIO |
| Turbidity Quamichan Lake 26 1 1.93 NTU Temperature Cowichan Lake 10 1 6.29 C Temperature Shawnigan Lake 2020-03- Temperature Quamichan Lake 26 1 5.91 C Temperature Quamichan Lake 26 1 6.37 C E Coli Marina 02 0.5 <1 L Shawnigan Lake 2003-08- E Coli South End 13 0.5 1 L E Coli Quamichan Lake 29 1 <1 L E Coli Quamichan Lake 29 1 <1 CFU/100m E Coli Quamichan Lake 29 1 <1 CFU/100m E Coli Holland Lake Outflow 18 0 CFU/100m E Coli Stocking Lake 21 - <1 L CETU/100m E Coli Stocking Lake 21 - <1 L CETU/100m E Coli Cowichan River 29 - 72 L E Coli Cowichan River 29 - 6 CEU/100m E Coli Chemainus River 20 0.5 10 L Spiers Creek at Hillbank Rd. 08 - 320 L Averill Creek Near 2017-08- E Coli Shawnigan Creek 29 - 43 L Metals Shawnigan Creek 12 0.5 4.18 mg/L Metals Busy Place Creek 12 0.5 4.18 mg/L Nitrogen Cowichan Lake 10 1 0.051 mg/L | Turbidity | Shawnigan Lake | | 1 | 0.65 | NTU |
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| Temperature | Temperature | Shawnigan Lake | | 1 | 5 91 | С |
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| Nitrogen Cowichan Lake 2020-03- 10 1 0.051 mg/L 2020-03- | | D DI 0 | | | | |
| Nitrogen Cowichan Lake 10 1 0.051 mg/L 2020-03- | Metals | Busy Place Creek | | 0.5 | 4.18 | mg/L |
| 2020-03- | Nitrogen | Cowichan Lake | | 1 | 0.051 | ma/l |
| | Millogori | Cowlonal Lake | | | 0.001 | ilig/ L |
| initrogen Snawnigan Lake 12 1 0.107 mg/L | Nitrogen | Shawnigan Lake | 12 | 1 | 0.107 | mg/L |

| | | 2020-02- | | | |
|------------|----------------|----------|---|-------|------|
| Nitrogen | Quamichan Lake | 26 | 1 | 0.29 | mg/L |
| _ | | 2020-03- | | 0.003 | |
| Phosphorus | Cowichan Lake | 10 | 1 | 3 | mg/L |
| | | 2020-03- | | 0.004 | |
| Phosphorus | Shawnigan Lake | 12 | 1 | 1 | mg/L |
| | | 2020-02- | | | |
| Phosphorus | Quamichan Lake | 26 | 1 | 0.259 | mg/L |

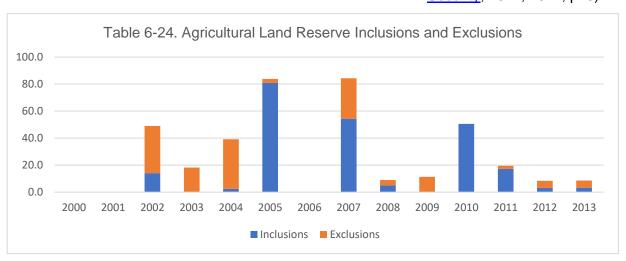
20. Aquifer Vulnerability

- Groundwater aquifers provide a significant amount of drinking water in the CVRD. Areas of high intrinsic vulnerability offer less natural protection than areas of low or moderate vulnerability; therefore, land use activities which pose a high hazard should be discouraged from these areas, or require much more stringent hydrogeological assessment and reporting requirements to ensure prevention of contamination is maximized..
- https://www.cvr d.bc.ca/Docum entCenter/View /7838/Guide-touse-of-intrinsicaquifervulnerabilitym?bidld=



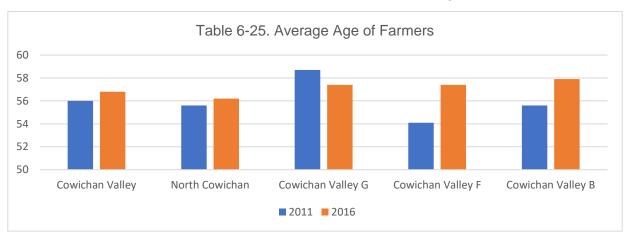
Objective: Strengthen food and agricultural systems for food security

- 21. ALR exclusions and inclusions
- This indicator shows the stability of the ALR and its farmland base in the CVRD.
- ALR inclusions and exclusions and ha of land farmed (<u>Cowichan Region State of</u> <u>Environment Report: Update</u> <u>2014: Farm Land and Food</u> <u>Security</u>, 2014, 2014, p. 6)



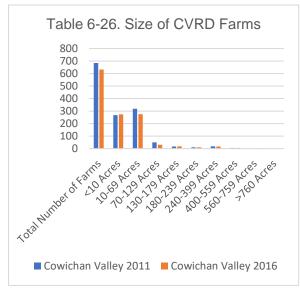
22. Average age of farmers

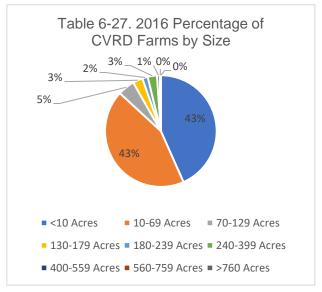
- This indicator shows the longterm succession capacity for the region's farms and the ag sector in general.
- Average age of farm operators in CVRD 2011 and 2016 (<u>Statistics Canada</u>)
- Average age of farm operators in CVRD (<u>Census of</u> <u>Agriculture 2001 and 2006</u>)



23. Size of CVRD farms

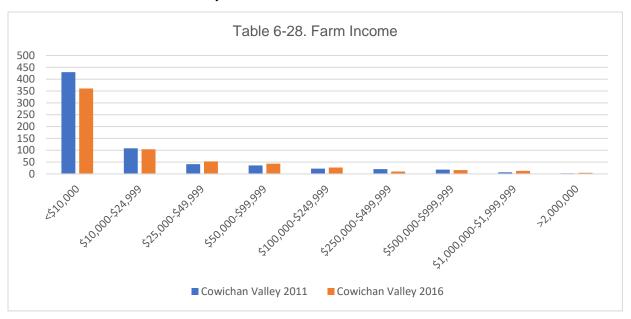
- Farms generally have a minimum size for feasibility of different types and this indicator shows % that are probably viable long term for major food production and informs subdivision policy.
- Number of farms by size in 2011 and 2016 (<u>Statistics</u> <u>Canada</u>, 2016a)





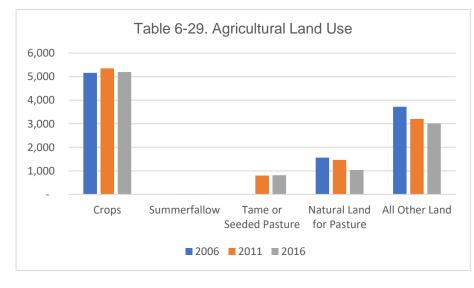
24. Income receipts for farms

- This indicator shows what percentage of farms are viable businesses and how many are hobby farms.
- CVRD farms classified by gross farm receipts (<u>Statistics</u> <u>Canada</u>, 2016b)



25. Land in food production

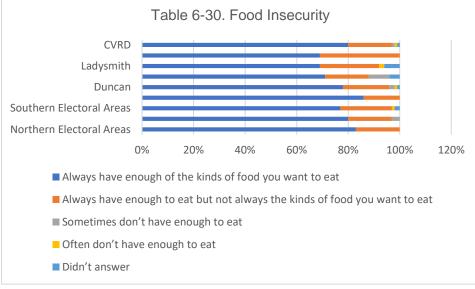
 This indicator shows the level of actual production of food in the region, as well as likely improvements to existing agricultural lands.



- Hectares of land in food production and breakdown of crop area for different crops in 2006, 2011 and 2016 (<u>Agriculture in Brief:</u> <u>Cowichan Valley</u> <u>Regional District</u>, 2016, p. 1)
- Primary agriculture activity on CVRD agricultural lands (<u>Agriculture Water</u> <u>Demand Model:</u> <u>Report for the</u> <u>Cowichan Valley</u> <u>Regional District</u>, 2013, p. 27)

26. Food insecurity

 This indicator shows what % of the CVRD population experiences food insecurity

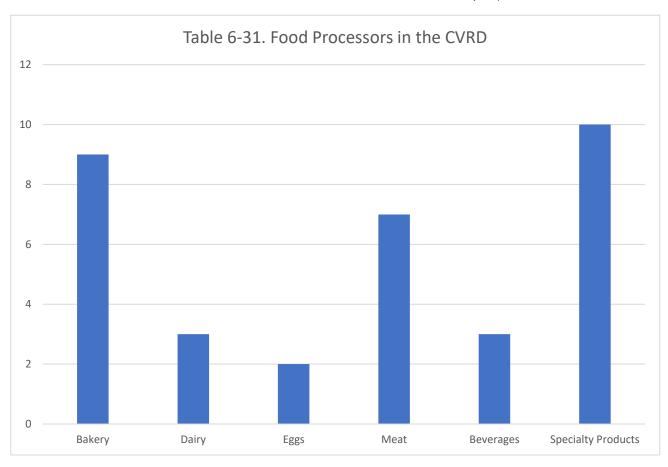


Percent distribution of food insecurity (Cowichan Communities Health Profile, 2014, p. 57)

27. Food processing

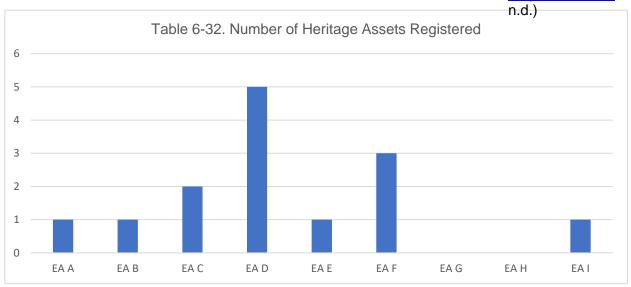
 This indicator shows the potential and ability for local food production which may contribute to strengthening the region's food systems.

- Processors in CVRD by location and type (<u>Creating</u> <u>Climate Change Resilience:</u> <u>Enhancing Food Processing in</u> <u>the CVRD</u>, 2014, Appendix B)
- Class A Abattoirs in or near CVRD (<u>Creating Climate</u> <u>Change Resilience: Enhancing</u> <u>Food Processing in the CVRD</u>, 2014, p. 7)



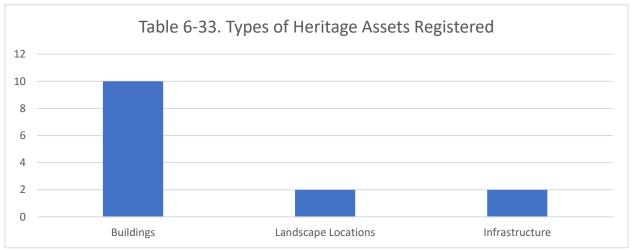
Objective: Support heritage, arts and culture

- 28. Heritage assets registered by electoral area
- This indicator shows the extent of the heritage register across the region.
- Listing of properties on community heritage register by electoral area (Cowichan Valley Regional District, n.d.)



29. Types of assets registered

- This indicator shows the relative priorities of registration across different heritage assets. Additional assets can be added in the future.
- Listing of properties on community heritage register (Cowichan Valley Regional District, n.d.)

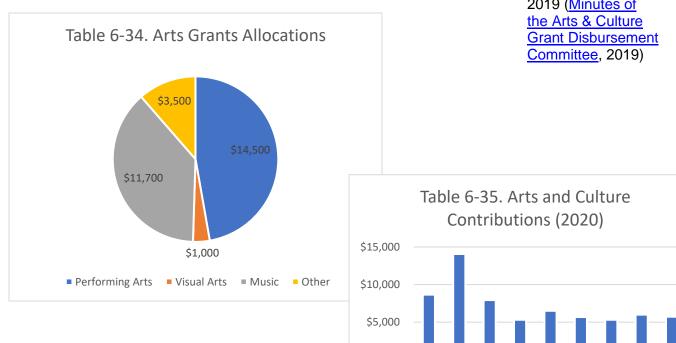




This indicator shows priorities for arts investments.

Arts and culture grants awarded in 2019 (Minutes of the Arts & Culture

EAA EAB EAC EAD EAE EAF EAG EAH EAI



\$-

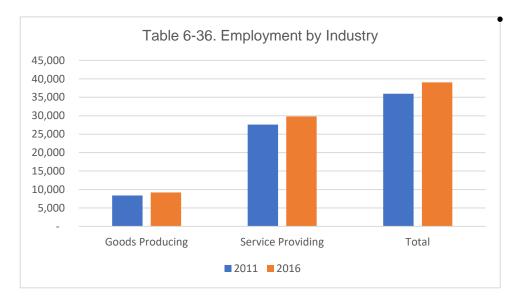
Objective: Realize the region's economic potential

Rationale

31. Employment by industry and change over time

Indicator

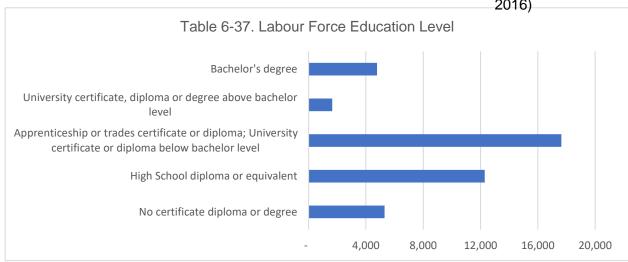
This indicator shows change over time in the key industries – which informs land use decisions and economic development strategies.



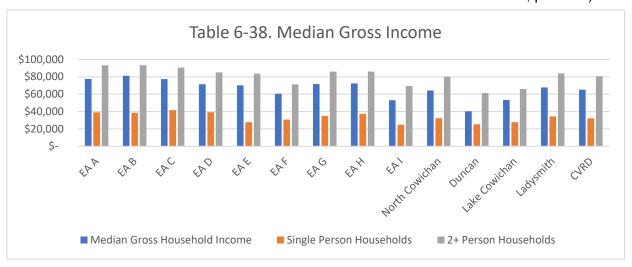
Data accessibility

Labour force in 2011 and 2016 (Industrial Land Use Strategy, 2019, p. 16) Employment by industry (Long range projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019, p. 19)

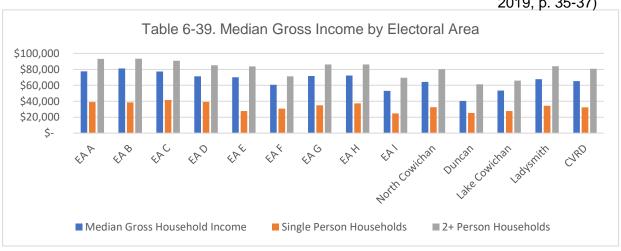
- 32. Labour force education level
- This indicator shows the labour capital available for market growth and investment.
- Workforce
 education
 attainment
 (Investing in BC's
 Cowichan Valley
 Regional District,
 2016)



- 33. Median and gross incomes
- This indicator shows the essential economic condition of the region and speaks to housing affordability.
- Median household income (<u>Long</u> <u>range projections</u> <u>of population</u>, <u>housing and</u> <u>employment in the</u> <u>Cowichan Valley</u> <u>Regional District</u>, 2019, p. 35-37)

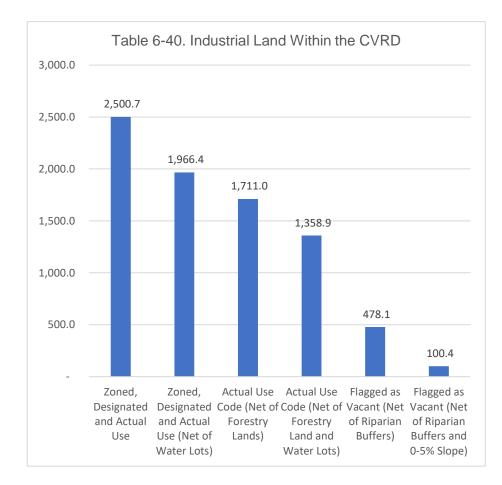


- 34. Distribution of household income in electoral areas
- This indicator shows the relative incomes of electoral areas and informs where various types of housing needs to be planned for.
- Median household income (Long range projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019, p. 35-37)



35. Industriallydesignated land available

 This indicator shows how much industrial land is available in the region and electoral areas now – and how much is available for development to inform land use planning.

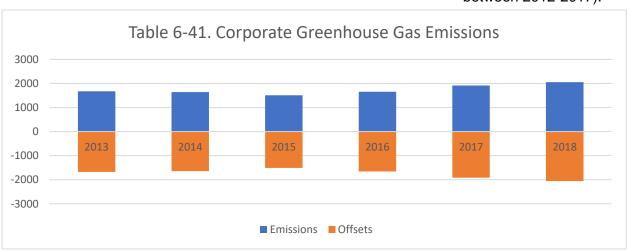


- Percent and hectares of land zoned as or designated for industrial use (<u>Industrial Land</u> <u>Use Strategy</u>, 2019, p. 24)
- Percent and hectares of land zoned, designated or actually used for industrial use (Industrial Land Use Strategy, 2019, p. 25)
- Hectares of industrial land by electoral area (<u>Industrial Land</u> <u>Use Strategy</u>, 2019, p. 27)
- Vacant industrial land with less than 5% (<u>Industrial</u> <u>Land Use</u> <u>Strategy</u>, 2019, p. 30)

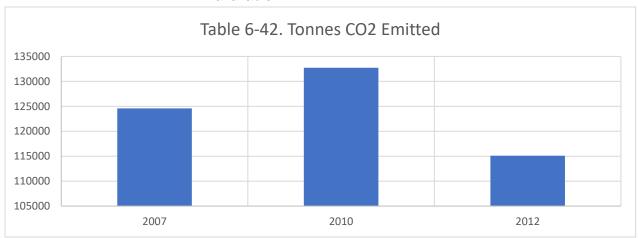
Objective: Mitigate and adapt to climate change

Indicator Rationale Data accessibility 36. Corporate GHG • The CVRD signed the BC • CO2 emissions

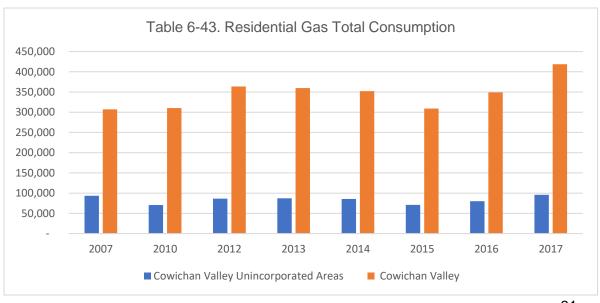
- 36. Corporate GHG emissions
- The CVRD signed the BC Climate Action Charter in 2007 and has committed to climate neutrality for its own operations.
- CO2 emissions and offsets (2018 Climate
 <u>Action Revenue Incentive Program Public Report</u>, 2019, p. 2)
- BC Government 2017 emissions inventory (shows per capita emissions dropping between 2012-2017).

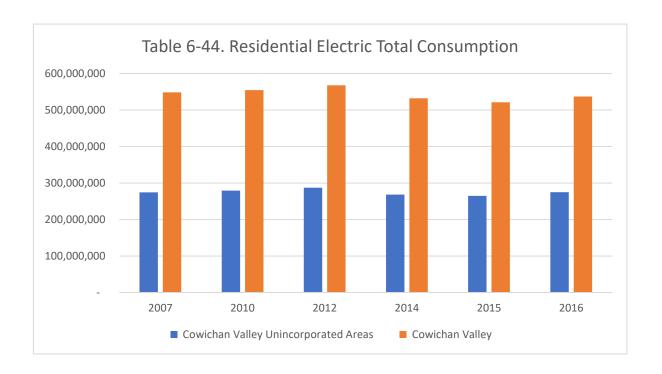


- 37. Community energy and emission inventories
- GHG emissions involve many inputs and the provincial government provided these inventories for several years in the past 15. The CEEI program has since ceased so current CEEI data is not available.
- (Climate Mitigation, n.d.)



- 38. Utilities energy data
- The energy emitted from energy consumption is a key indicator and can be used as a proxy for building emissions.
- (<u>Provincial Greenhouse</u>
 <u>Gas Emissions Inventory</u>)





- 39. Solid waste emissions
- Solids waste is a small but important element of a community's emissions.
- (<u>Provincial Greenhouse</u>
 <u>Gas Emissions Inventory</u>)

